State of Palestine

Ministry of Education & Higher Education Directorate of Education Ramallah &

AL-Bireh. التاريخ: 20\5\ 2024 اليوم: الاثنين

> مدة الامتحان 2:15 مجموع العلامات 50



Trial English Exam

دولــة فلسطيــــن وزارة التربية والتعليم العالي مديرية التربية والتعليم / رام الله والبيرة

> الفرع الادبي لمبحث اللغة الانجليزية الورقة الثانية

Reading Comprehension (25 points)

Question Number One: (15 points)
Read the text and do the tasks below:

Building bridges to the world

After the 1948 disaster, over 700,000 Palestinians lost everything and were forced into a Diaspora that spread round the planet. For many years afterwards, the Palestinian cause received little attention or understanding from the world.

That changed dramatically in 1974, when the late national leader, President Yassir Arafat, stepped onto the world's political stage to speak to the United Nations. His famous words rang out: 'Today, I have come bearing an olive branch and a freedom fighter's gun. Do not let the olive branch fall from my hand.'

This landmark speech showed the world two things: first that the Palestinian cause could not be forgotten, and secondly that there really could be a peaceful way forward. Arafat's words also affected
10 Palestinians deeply. They made many realise that it was necessary to build bridges between Palestine and the West. This was the way to create international understanding and, one day, a free and independent Palestine.

The years since the national leader President Arafat's speech to the UN have not been easy, and there have been many setbacks. Yet there are also reasons for optimism. In recent years, as a result of the continuous diplomatic struggle of the present Palestinian leadership, under their representative President Mahmoud Abbas, more and more countries have officially recognised Palestine as an independent state, and in 2012 the United Nations General Assembly voted to upgrade the status of the Palestinians to that of a 'non-member observer state'. There is hope that at last, thanks to the efforts of Palestinians around the world, the tide has finally turned.

A- Answer the following questions: (4 Poin	A- /	Answer	the	follov	ving	question	s: (4	Point	5)
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1 2 3	flected important things for both Palestine and the world. What are the ant to build bridges with the west, according to the text?	y? ·
Expression	Symbolises	
1948		
Olive branch		
Freedom fighter's gun		

C Circle the correct answer (3 points)

1. The word " late" (Line 5) means:

A: no longer living

B: arriving after the arranged time

The meaning of the expression 'the tide has finally turned' used in the text (Line 19) is
 A: figurative
 B: literal

D- Complete (3 point)					
Before 1974, the Palestinian cause received					
2. Palestine has been recognized as an independent state as a result of					
E- Decide whether each of the following is True or False (2points)					
1-What made the world change their attitude to the Palestinian cause after 1974 was Yassir Arafat's threats					
to the United Nations ()					
2-The majority of the original population, about 700.000 Palestinians ,lost everything and were forced into					
diaspora. ()					
Question Number Two(10points)					
Read the text then answer the questions below:					
A					
money has been around since the dawn of human civilization. Money allows an individual to trade what he					
has for what he needs or wants.					
B 9000 BC, humans began to grow crops and cattle. This gave birth to					
5 "bartering", where livestock and grain were exchanged for other items which were deemed essential or					
useful at the time. Cattle, which throughout history and across the globe have included not only cows but					
also sheep ,camels, and other livestock, are the first and oldest form of money. With the advent of					
agriculture also came the use of grain and other vegetable or plant products as a standard form of barter in					
many cultures. Those are all called commodity money (goods). The first use of cowries, the shells of a					
molluse that was widely available in the shallow waters of the Pacific and Indian Oceans, was in China.					
Historically, many societies have used cowries as money because they were easier to carry.					
C After people made coins in Lydia, people in Rome, Iran, and Greece also					
began making coins. Coins were very durable- they were strong and could last a long time without					
becoming damaged. The Chinese issued the first ever leather banknote (Paper money). It was made out of a					
15 rare white deer skin and its edges were painted with bright colours. Now it's called representative.					
Representative money is any medium of exchange, often printed on paper, that represents something of					
value, but has little or no value of its own as a material.					
D Life was not safe and money had no protection from theft. To solve this,					
money started to move away from reality and a banking system was developed. People can purchase goods					
20 or services by transferring money from their account to the seller's account easily by using an instrument					
named cheque. Also, the age of computer and internet created a favourable atmosphere for creating plastic					
money. Plastic money has two types – credit card and debit card. ATM started to develop and plastic money					
could be converted in cash through this machine. In recent development bitcoins and digital currencies have					
also been spread widely around the world. These forms are managed, stored and exchanged on digital					
computer systems, especially over the internet.					
A. A: Read the text then match the headings (1-4) for each paragraph (a-d): (4points)					
1- Before money 2-What is money?					
3 Money towards unreality 4- The beginning of money					
5 Money towards unreality 4- The beginning of money					
B. Put the stages of money development in the correct order according to the text: (2points)					
plastic money \ paper money \ coins \ commodity money					
1					
2-					
3					
C. Complete the following sentences from the text above : (3 points)					
[대한 사용] : 이 기계 대한 전 시간 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전					
1- The first paper money was made in					
3- The process in which					
called bartering. D. Dasida whether the following sentences are true or folso: (Incint)					
D. Decide whether the following sentences are true or false: (1point) 1- Cowrie shells were first used as money since they were easy to carry around. ()					
1- Cowrie shells were first used as money since they were easy to early around.					

	Literature	e: (15 points)			
Question Number Three					
Choose one of the two stories and answer its questions.					
Romeo & Juliet Section A: Circle the correct answer: (5 points)					
Romeo discovered that Ju				(5 points)	
a. Mercutio	b. Benvolio	c. the Nur		aurence	
2. The character that was des					
a. Benvolio		c. Romeo	The second secon	utio	
3. Prince Escalus accused the					
	b. thirteen times	c. four tin			
4. Juliet wanted to do Friar La					
a. respectful	b. desperate	c. safe	d. ensur	ed	
5. At the end of the play,					
a. Benvolio	b. Mercutio	c. Paris	d. Tybalt		
a. Benvono	b. Mercutio		u. Tybiii		
Section B: From this section	ı, answer <u>two</u> q <mark>uestion</mark>	s only. (A, B, C)	ب عن <u>قسمين</u> من هذا السوال	(10 Points) أجد	
A. Decide whether the followard in the Capulets refused to p	~			(5 points)	
2. People could not read Sha			•	7 3	
3. Juliet asked Romeo to pro				2 3	
4. In Shakespeare's time, wi			ntertainment purposes.	à S	
5. Romeo misbehaved at the		•	l I	(1)	
B. Answer the following que	actions		(5 poin	te)	
1. How did the prince judge R		t?	(3 poin	18)	
2. What prevented Romeo and	l Juliet to get married in	public?			
2 Ham did Damas managat	maa tha hiah mall af	Samulatia hawaa 9			
3. How did Romeo manage to		•			
4. Why was Juliet ready to do	The state of the s			*********	
5. Why did Mercutio join the	fight against Tybalt who	en Romeo refused		********	
	(4.20) (4.00) × (4.00) × (4.00)				
		-			
C- Answer the following qu			(5)	points)	
1- Read this quotation and				(2 points)	
" What's this? A bottle in	my true love's hand?	You have drunk i	i all, and not left a frien	idly drop to	
help me too." 1. Who says these words? .					
	······				
3. Why was the speaker very		**			
	x	2 2 2			
2- Complete the following sentences with information from the play? (3points) 1. Prince Escalus called people who fight in the street as					
2. "This is a black day, and the			y saying this Romeo me	ans that it is a	
black day because of					
or come tooks the manner.		in a group or			

	King Lear	
Section A: Circle the correct answer: 1. Regan was married to a- the Duke of France c-the Duke of Burgundy.	b- the Duke of Cornwall d- the Duke of Albany	(5 points)
	olinding him putting him in prison	
3. When Lear left the castle, there was a. a storm b. rain c. nothing		
4. Goneril wanted to kill	c. her husband	d. Edmund
5. Cordelia came to	c. torment	d. kill
A. Decide whether the following statements 1. Oswald was ordered to find Gloucester and 2. The king of France agreed to marry Cordeli 3. Edgar planned his escape by pretending to b 4. Gloucester told Edgar that his father angry a 5. Lear realized that giving his kingdom was a B. Read this quotation and answer the ques "I can't bear to see my poor father like this, so cruelly?" 1. Who says these words? 2. When? 3. What does like this mean? 4. Why was the speaker surprised? 5. Whom did the speaker mean by anyone?	kill him. ta because he loved her for telling the a mad and homeless. and want to kill him. wise decision. stions: How could anyone have hurt him	(5 points) ne truth. () () () () () (5 points)
C. Answer the following questions: 1- What was Lear's decision concerning his co	ā	(5points)
2- Why did Goneril come to Regan before Lea	ar arrived to Regan's house?	
3-Who lead the English army? Who won the b	pattle?	
	to Dayow?	
5- Why did Gloucester ask Edgar to take him t	to Dover?	

Writing: (10 points) Question Number Four: (10 points) Choose one of the following topics اكتب موضوعا واحدا في احد الموضوعين 1. Imagine (if necessary) that you come from a family that used to live in one of the villages depopulated and/or destroyed by the Israelis in 1948. 1 Where was the village? 2 What kind of place was it? 3 What was life there like before 1948? 4 Where did your family go when they were forced to leave? 5 What was their life like in the new place? 2. " Making a resolution should not be a random step rather it must be taken after careful thinking and discussions. To what extent do you agree with this statement? You can make use of the following ideas: 1 Name your resolution 2 Motivations beyond this decision 3 Difficulties and challenges you might face and how could you overcome 4 What do you advise other people? Getting advice from others